

REQUIRED PUBLICATIONS FOR SCHOOL WEBSITES

Indiana Digital Learning Schools

Indiana Digital is a network of 6 Indiana schools and three districts and information on all INDLS schools can be found here.

Union School Corporation 6795	Beech Grove City Schools	MSD of Warren County- 8115
7122- Indiana Digital Elementary 7132- Indiana Digital Jr Sr High 7142- Indiana Digital Alternative School	5456- Indiana Digital Learning School at Beech Grove 5458- Indiana Digital Alternative School at Beech Grove	8736- Indiana Digital Learning School at Warren County 8738- Indiana Digital Alternative School at Warren County

Posting Information on School Website Home Page (IC 20-19-11-3) • Each elementary and high school must post the information provided by the IDOE under IC 20-19-11-2 :

<https://www.in.gov/doe/it/data-center-and-reports/> or this link:

<https://indianagps.doe.in.gov/Summary/Corporation/218>

Dyslexia: [Universal Screening](#)

Indiana Code (IC) 20-35.5 requires schools to administer a universal screener to all kindergarten, first, and second grade students annually to identify students who may be “at some risk” or “at risk” of not reaching reading proficiency. This early identification of students who are not on track to be proficient readers allows early implementation of targeted support.

IC 20-35.5-2-2 Screening of students

Sec. 2. The screening of students shall include, as developmentally appropriate, the following:

- (1) Phonological and phonemic awareness;
- (2) Sound symbol recognition;
- (3) Alphabet knowledge;
- (4) Decoding skills;
- (5) Rapid naming skills;
- (6) Encoding skills.

IC 20-35.5-1-7 defines a universal screener as an assessment used to help educators understand the causes of student performance, learning strengths, and the needs that underlie student performance. The assessment identifies or predicts students at risk for poor learning outcomes and is typically brief and administered to all students at a particular grade level.

	INDLS Union Elementary 7122	INDLS at BG 5486
Screened	434	435
K at risk	14	146
K at some risk	6	33
1 st at risk	106	59
1 st at some risk	14	4
2 nd at risk	95	59
2 nd at some risk	36	21

Determining Students Who Are At Risk

Screening assessments are not designed to diagnose dyslexia but rather to identify risk of not reaching reading proficiency. To effectively identify students at risk of not reaching reading proficiency, schools must first start by screening all students. An effective screening process includes the entire student population and, through a process of deduction, identifies students demonstrating risk factors.

After the universal screener is administered, schools must use the results of the screener to determine if any students may be “at some risk” or “at risk” of not reaching reading proficiency. Schools must use the composite score provided by their assessment vendor based Indiana Department of Education Universal Screening & Dyslexia Programing Guidance for Schools on the test design of the universal screener to determine risk. Schools must also document if a student is identified as “at risk” within that student’s records. If the student's composite does not indicate risk, then the school must notify the parents of the screener results and resume educational programming.